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CONTRACTOR	TISSR REPORT	1174
•	Research Institute B Headed by Professor Pose at Obminskoye	25X1
•	-	25X1
EVALUATION	PLACE OBTAINED.	25X1
DATE OF C		25X1
DATE OBTA	30 Pasambar 1057	
	9ENCLOSURES (NO. & TYPE)	
		}
REMARKS.	This is UNEVALUATED Information	
eruma, presidentilis, editablished levi		and the second s
A-14 - A-		25X1
. 1.	The premises of Institute B previously served as a hospital, During World	
£.,	War II, the building were used for an orphanage for Finnish children, After	
	the end of the war, the buildings were converted into a research institute. Construction work was completed by 1947. Passes and documents at the	
	institute were lettered "Wekhanicheskiy Zavod MVD" (phonetic spelling). Stationary used by the institute for communications with superior Soviet	
	headquarters was headed "Object B (Russian letter B) the English	25 X 1
	equivalent of which is V). German personnel attached to the institute had their mail addressed to . Moscow.	25X1
. 2.	WAC map No 167,	25X1
	pinpoint location of the institute and of the Obninskoye railroad station. Institute B was located on the Eastern bank of the Braiva	
	River. The places of Balabanovo and Borovsk were known	25X1
		25 X 1
3.	Institute B was directly assigned to the 9th Main Administration in	
	Moscow, which was subordinate or attached to the 1st Main Administration headed by General Sveriyev, The 1st Main Administration was subordinate	
	to the 1st Department of the Ministry of the Interior (1st Upravleniya Ministerstvo Vnutro Delo MVD) (phonetic spelling) which was headed by	
	Deputy Minister Zavenyagin, who, in turn, was responsible to the late	
	Beria. General Sveriyev was a technical officer and not a scientist. His deputy, Colonel Kusnetsov, was in charge of the administration of	
	the institute. He also controlled all construction activities and looked aft	er
	the welfare of the German personnel. Kusnetsov also maintained connection between Professor Pose and Zavenyagin. Subreme MVD representative at the	
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institute was Colonel Kalinin, who had interrogated the German scientists and technicians detained at PW Camp 27/I and subsequen assigned them to the various research institutes, Colonel Butsov Senior Lieutenant Konin were MVD officers attached to the 9th Mai administration, During the reported period, Emilyanov, allegedly a member of the Soviet Academy of Sciences, was the leading science of this main administration, Emilyanov	and n
Twice a year, General Sveriyev woul inspect Institute B in the commany of Professors Leibuntski and K	d
and Professor Pose. In early 1950, the 9th Main Adminis	25X1
was allegedly dissolved. After that date, Professor Leipuntski ne came to the institute and Professor Blokhintsov became the Soviet scientific manager of the installation, which was then, allegedly assigned to the 1st main Administration. While previously technic officers were the superiors of the German personnel at the institution of Soviet scientists then took over. At the 1st Main Administration, the Coviet scientist responsible for Institute B was aman who happreviously headed a laboratory at one of the "Southern Installati	ver ål ute, d
previously headed a laboratory at the of the Southern the will be	25X1
Personnel data:	
Professor Heinz Pose. Pose was the German chief of the institute.	25X1

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	- 3	,
		25 X 1
7. Dr. Carl-Friedrich Weiss.	. Weiss was chief of the control laboratory.	
		25 X 1
S. Dr. Werner Czulius. Czuli	ius was chief of the "Noderator Laboratory"	
		25 X 1

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•	. GONST DENTALA		25 X 1
	•	~ 4 -	25 X 1
			25X1
ò,	Dr. Hans Keppel. Keppel	was chief of the chemical Laboratory.	25 X 1
:4)			
12,	Dr. Hermana (fnu). Herm	ann was chief of the laboratory in which experiments	25X1
	were made with the acce	leretion of electrons.	
			25X1
12.	Dr. Ernst Rexer, Rexer, laboratory,	a physicist, was chief of the metallurgical	25X1
			25 X 1
	CONTIDENT	TAI	25 X 1

	5	
r. Westmeier (fnu). We	stmeier was chief of the measuring I	aboratory,
r. Westmeier (fnu). We	stmeier was chief of the measuring	aboratory。
r. Westmeier (fnu). We	stmeier was chief of the measuring	aboratory.
	stmeier was chief of the measuring l	
r. Helmut Scheffers. Sc epartment.	neffers was chief of the Mathematics	l-Physical
r. Helmut Scheffers. Sc Pepartment.		l-Physical
Pr. Helmut Scheffers. Schepartment. Pr. Hans Krueger. Kruege aboratory. Publish Ingenieur Fritz S	neffers was chief of the Mathematics	otographic

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	6 ··	
	Soviet Scientists attached to Installation B.	
17.	Professor Leipuntski (fnu). Leipuntski lived and worked in Moscow. He controlled all research projects handled by the 9th Administration.	
		25 X 1
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18,	Professor Blokhintsov, Blokhintsov took over the scientific management of Institute B after Leipuntski left, He	051/4
		25 X 1
19.		
3 0 ·	Professor Alekhanin (fnu) and Professor Alekhanov (fnu).	
		25 X 1
	OCTOST Y TOTAL A	25X1

CONTINENTI L'		
	- 7 -	25X1
fir. Kazashkovski (fnu).	Kazashkovski was a theoretical physicist.	;
Zawasy (fnu). Zinovyev	's laboratory was in room 39.	;
in Kracow, Leningrad and believed that they were pick up knowledge. They their own. At the instit	orking at Institute B came from universities i Moscow. The German scientists at the institute very industrious young men who were eager to did not develop, however, an initiative of cute, these students were given their first ments. Their scientific training was considered by the Germans.	25X1
arrived at Institute B. magnet (Trennmagnet). The lag meters wide and 1 me a component part of this completion date for the Leipuntski, who was charged or 3 months in which	P, a train of freight cars loaded with crates. The crates allegedly contained a large separating his magnet was said to have been 2.4 meters long, ster high. These dimensions possibly refer to only a magnet. The magnet was set up immediately. The experiment involved was 31 December 1949. Professor ged with the experiment, was then given another to complete his work, which reportedly ended in untski was replaced by Professor Blokhintsov in	
heavy water was needed also interested in it. Blokhintsov in about the played a prominent role the workshop of the ins	neavy water were ordered for the institute. The in Dr. Keppel's laboratory, but Dr. Weiss was The heavy water was procured by Professor e spring of 1950 thorium in the experimental work at Institute B. In titute, hundreds of porcelain cores were ings. No details were available.	;
personnel of the install institute, On 22 June 15, the institute area was	of the existence of Institute B, the German lation could move freely in the vicinity of the 43 (7), the construction of a fence around completed and the Germans working there could	
leave this area only und	er Soviet escort.	
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c. The Institute headed by Professor Hertz; Dr. Steenbeck (fnu) of this institute was awarded a 3d Class Stalin Prize.

- 9 -

- d. The institute headed by Professor Ardenne (fnu); this institute and irrofessor Hertz's institute were located in the vicinity of Sukhumi.
- e. Installation at Uralopinsk. Engineer Friedrich Schmitz came from this installation to Institute B. Dr. Hohorst (fnu) worked as a zoologist at this installation after he had been assigned to Professor Hertz and two other installations in the Ural Mts. Schmitz and Dr. Hohorst were transferred to the Illinskaya camp in August 1950.
- f_{\circ} An installation (name unknown) where politically unreliable Soviets worked.
- g. Electro-Steel Plant, headed by Dr. Riehl.

Comment. Pose and his assistants W. Czulius and W. Herrmann previously worked at the Gottow Test Institute of the former German Army Ordnance Office, where atomic research work was conducted. A report on the activities of this test institute was given in the publication "Naturforschung and Medizin in Deutschland 1939 - 1946" (Fiat Review of German Science) "Nuclear Physics and Cosmic Radiation, Part II", page 150. From the rather vague information contained in the present report, it is inferred that the institute at Obninskoye conducted work similar to that done at Gottow.

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Sketch No. 1

Legend:

- 1 Water tower on hill, about 35 meters high.
- 2 Gate and road block, check point. The Obninskoye railroad station was about 800 meters distant from this point.
- 3 Club house.
- 4 Single-family log houses for Soviets.
- 5 School for Soviet and German children.

6a.

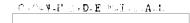
and Houses for top-level Soviet and German scientists.

7 Athletic field and tennis courts.

8a through Houses for Germans and Soviets.

- 9 Restaurant, bakery, and storage facilities.
- 10 Soviet administration building
- 11 Main institute building (Mekhanicheskiy Zavod MVD)
- 12 Storage of materials.
- 13 Storage of chemicals.
- 14 Garage and motor vehicle shop. An estimated ten sedans, six to eight trucks, and three buses were kept there.
- 15 Power station.
- 16 Old power station, steam power plant, coal firing. No transmission line was available. Electric power was to be eventually furnished from the Rybinsk reservoir.
- 17 Workshop equipped with lathes, automatic machines, and precision mechanic tools.

 About 20 persons worked at the shop.
- 18 New building, admittance to Soviets only. The building measured 15 x 15 x 16 meters and was of concrete; the structure which houses a high voltage plant was a copy of a similar installation at the Kaiser Wilhelm Institute at Dahlem.
- 19 Production of oxygen.
- 20 Wooden house occupied by Colonel Petr Tvamovich Sakhanov, later by Dr. Karl-Friedri Weiss-Joachim.
- 21 Old Diesel station, emergency power supply.
- 22 Villa
- 23 Guest house for Soviets. Professor Max Volumer and his wife were once accommodated there.
- 24 Dr. Weiss' laboratory located in a depression.
- 25 Olf log house, formerly laboratory used by Dr. Weiss. It was dismantled because it had been exposed to radioactivity.
- 26 Board fence.



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-12-

Sketch No. 2

Legerd;

A Ground Floor

- i Main laboratory headed by Krasin
- 2 Dr. Herwann's laboratory (acceleration of electrons).
- 3 Main laboratory headed by Dr. Ernst Rexer.
- Dr. Rexer's laboratory, location of five-ton press.
- 5 Room housing a tensile testing machine and material testing machines.
- 5 Photographic laboratory headed by Dr. Westmeier.
- 7 Glass-blowing department headed by Walter. Component parts for vacuum plants, pumps, and connections were manufactured there. Types of glass used included lead glass, soda glass, non-soda glass, and Thuringian glass. In 1950, another glass-blowing shop was put into operation.
- through Workshops used by Dr. Weiss.
 - 12 Control laboratory of Dr. Werner Czulius.
 - 13 Laboratory of Soviet assistant of Professor Pose. Gas chamber
 - 13a Office of Professor Pose's Soviet assistant.
 - 14 Precision mechanics workshop used by Professor Pose.
 - 15 Transformer station.
 - 16 Storage of materials.
 - 16a Office of Werner Pose
 - 17 Soviet office.
 - 16 Stock room for storage batteries.
 - 19 Storage of uranium.
 - 20 Spectroscopic laboratory headed by Dr. Krueger.
 - 21 Photographic laboratory used for spectrum analysis.
 - 22 Chemical Laboratory of Dr. Keppel
 - 23 and Laboratories of Dr. Keppel. 24
 - 25 Office of Dr. Keppel.
 - 26 Laboratory with chemical scales and microbalances used by Dr. Keppel.
 - 27 Room equipped with optical measuring devices.
 - 28 Photographic laboratory of Dr. Keppel.
 - 29 Storage of apparatus.
 - 30 Storage of chemical auxiliary equipment.
 - 31 Distillation department, regeneration of acids
 - W Storage of chemicals

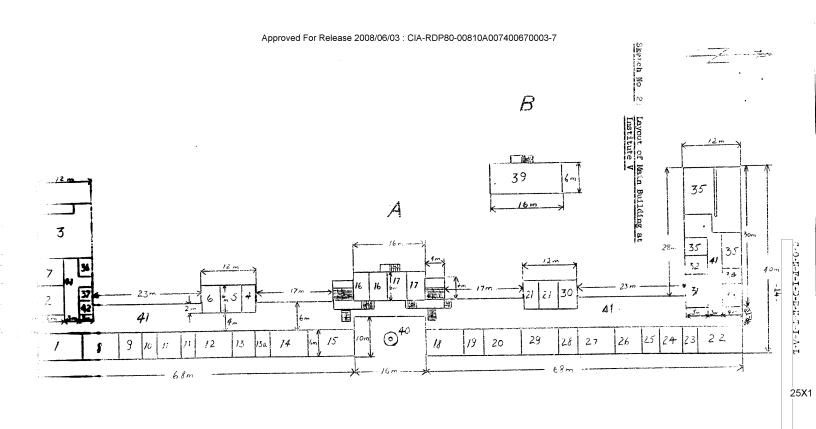
C. D. N. W. L. J. B. R. N. P. L. A. J.

-13-

- 33 33 Storage of acids.
 - 34 Toilets.
 - 35 Laboratories of Professor Leypunskiy, location of separating magnet (Trennmagnet).
 - 36 Laboratory of Professor Pose.
 - 37 Photographic laboratory of Professor Pose.
 - 38 Storage of uranium.
 - 39 (See B)
 - 40 Fountain.
 - 41 Corridors.
 - 42 Toilets.
- B Basement (located below rooms 16 and 17)
 - 39 Laboratory used by Zinovyev.

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Sketch Wo. 3

Legend:

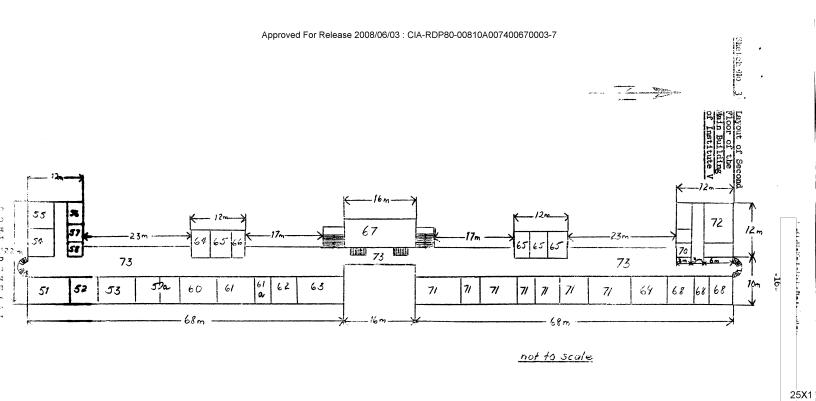
- 51 Office of Professor Pose
- 52 Anteroom, work place for Christine Joachim, secretary to Professor Pose, and for the female secretary to Professor Blokhintsev.
- 53 Krasin's office.
- 54 % intsev's office.
- 55 Mathematics department headed by Professor Blokhintsev. Work places for six Soviet assistants.
- 56 Office of Dr. Helmut Scheffers.
- 57 Office of Frau Dr. Helene Kuelz.
- 58 Office of mathematician Burkhardt.

59 and Rooms housing optical material testing devices used by Dr. Rexer. 59a

- 60 Test laboratory of Dr. Czulius.
- 61 Laboratory of Dr. Czulius.
- 61a Office of Dr. Czulius.
- 62 Workshop of engineer Fritz Schmidt.
- 63 Laboratory of Dr. Czulius.
- 64 Office of Del Weiss.
- 65 Storage room used by Dr. Czulius.
- 66 Photographic laboratory used by Dr. Czulius.
- 67 Enstitute Elbrary (librarian Britta Weidemann).
- 68 Photographic laboratory under Soviet management.
- 69 High frequency laboratory headed by chief engineer von Dertzen.
- 70 High frequency laboratory headed by Dr. Ernst Busse.
- 71 Laboratories used by Professor Alikhanyan and Alikhanov.
- 72 Dr. Kasakovskiy.

C=0=N=F=1	-D-E-N-T-I	-A-I

25X1



C = O-N=F=I=D-E=N-T-I-A-L

~17-

Sketch No. 4

legends

- Measuring laboratory equipped with apparatus fitted with scales and mirror instruments (Suliman-type devices).
- 2 Dr. Weiss' office.
- 3 Commidon.
- L Soviet designs office.

C-O-E-F-I-D-E-H-T-I-A-L

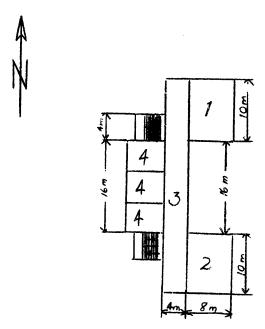
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C=O=N=F+1-D+E-N=T-I-A-L

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Sketch No. 4: Detailed Sketch of Item 24 of page 10 (Laboratory of Dr. Weiss)



not to scale

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C.O.N.P.J.D.E.N.T.I.A.L

-19-

Sketch No. 5

Legend

- 1 Podmoskovnaya railroad station.
- 2 Serebryanyy Bor railroad station
- 3 Highway to Leningrad.
- 4 Building in which Professor Volmer worked.
- 5 Guest house.
- 6 Stables.

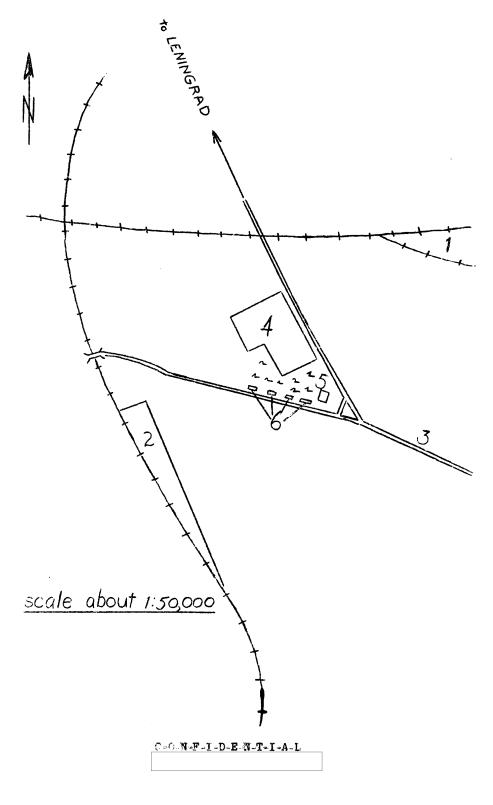
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Sketch No. 5: Location of Institute in Moscow Headed by Professor Vollmer



C-O-N-F-L-D-E-N-T-I-A-L

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Sketch No. 6

Legend;

- 1 Professor Heinz Pose, German manager.
- 2 Soviet institute management:

Professor Leypunskiy, until 1950. Professor Blokhintsev and Captain Krasin, after 1950.

3 Soviet administration:

Colonel Petr Ivanovich Sakhanov.

- a Procurement, Captain Smirnov and Senior Lieutenant Melnikov
- b Political department.
- c Classified material.
- d Reproduction office.
- 4 Soviet assistant to Professor Pose.
- 5 Precision mechanic shop of Professor Pose.

Foreman Hartmann.
Laboratory worker Karl Wacker.
Apprentice Guenther Hartmann (son of the foreman).

6 Professor Pose's secretariat:

Christine Foachim and one Soviet female secretary.

- 7 Soviet mathematical department (six assistants).
- 8 Library:

Britta Wiedemann, and one Soviet assistant librarian 30,000 to 50,000 volumes.

9 Meterials Offices

Werner Pose

- 10 German departments and laboratories:
 - a Control laboratory headed by Dr. Karl Friedrich Weiss-Joachim, one Soviet assistant called Vadevits (phonetic spelling).
 - b Moderator laboratory:

Dr. Werner Czulius Boehme, a German student Shorin, a Soviet assistant

c Chemical laboratory

Dr. chem. Hans Keppel Engelhardt, a German student Manfred Zacher, assistant

d Metallurgical laboratory:

Dr. Ernst Rexer
Since 1950 clar Dr. Hersdon
Brias Beebrits, chief engliser
Thomas, engliser
Rugo Meiners, welder

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•	e Laboratory, acceleration of electrons:
	Dr. Hermann
	f Photographic and measuring laboratory
	Dr. Westmeyer (or Westermeyer) Liboratory worker Gustav Wausch-Kuhn assistant Hans Hartmann
	g Photographic laboratory
	Dr. Hans Krueger
LL	Soviet Laboratories and departments:
	a Separating magnet
	Professor Leypunskiy Dr. Kasakovskiy Fettison Rakhimov Spiegel Gols, and several other Soviet technicians
	b Laboratory
	Captain Krasin
	c Metallurgical laboratory
	Zinovyev
12	German departments
	a High frequency laboratory
	Chief engineer Hans Juergen von Dertzen. For Certzen was previously employed with the Brown & Boveri firm. He mainly worked for the Soviet group of scientists. b Laboratory Dr. Ernsy Busse who previously was said to have been a tube expert of
	the Philips radio engineering firm. 25X'
	c Mathematical-physical department
	Dr. Helmut Scheffers Frau Dr. Helene Kuelz Wolfgang Burkhardt, a student Dipl. phys. M. Moeller
13	Soviet laboratory for cosmic ray radiation:
	Professor Alikhanyan Professor Alikhanov a number of Soviet technicisms and assistants
14	Auxiliary installations
	a Designs office, name of Soviet chief unknown German chief Guenther Ullmann draftsmen Horst Novack and Haupt, the latter a Soviet two Soviet draftsmen
	b Martinlage
	Foreman W. Zacher engineer Schmidt Bernhard: Bosobin a studens
	engineer Schmidt

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